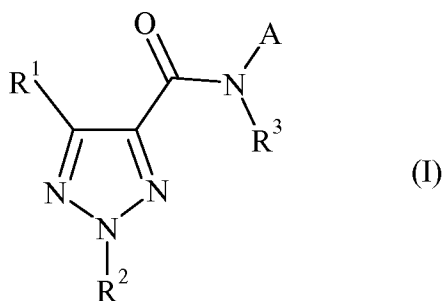
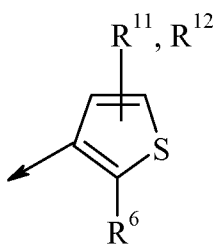
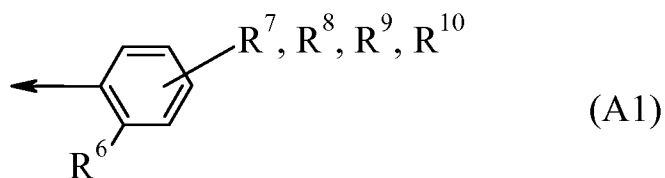


## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

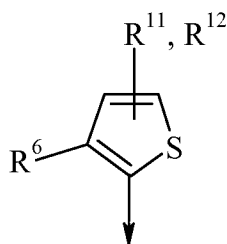
1. (Currently amended): A compound of formula (I):



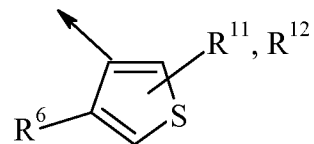
where A is an *ortho*-substituted ring selected from formulae (A1) to (A22);



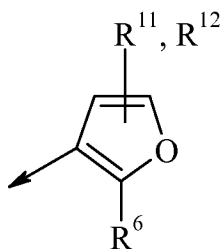
(A2)



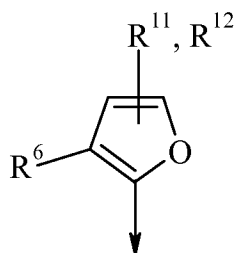
(A3)



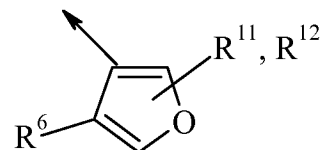
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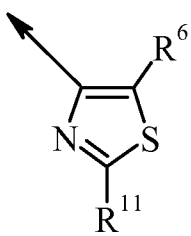
(A5)



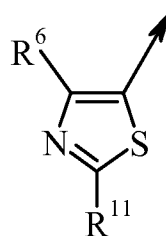
(A6)



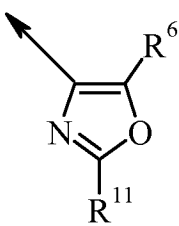
(A7)



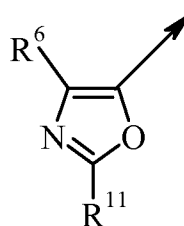
(A8)



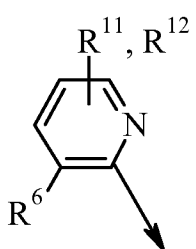
(A9)



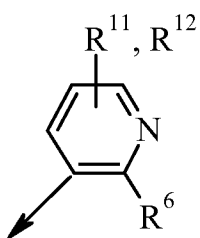
(A10)



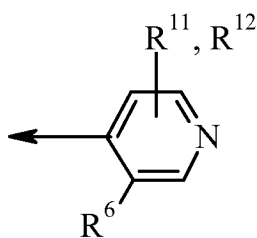
(A11)



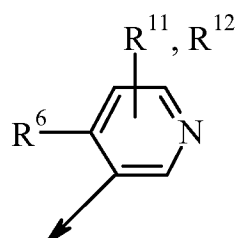
(A12)



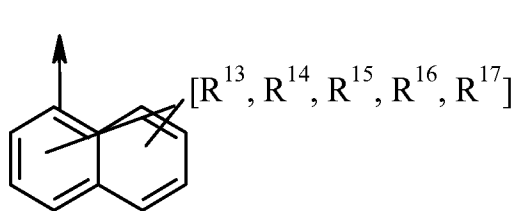
(A13)



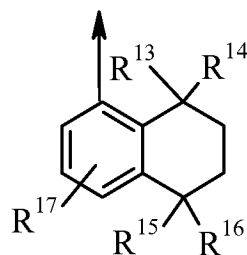
(A14)



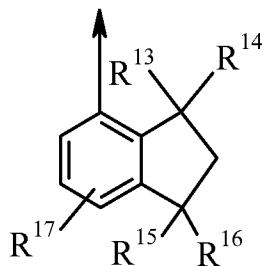
(A15)



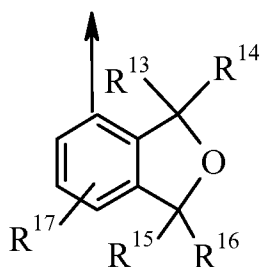
(A16)



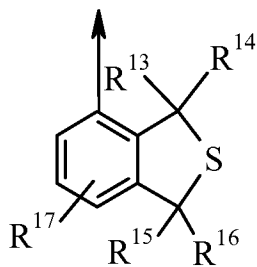
(A17)



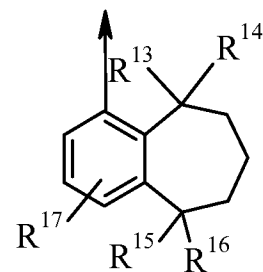
(A18)



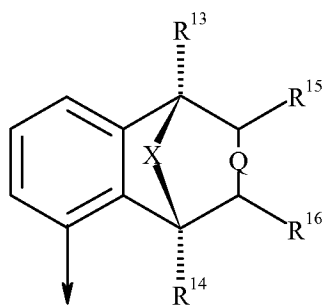
(A19)



(A20)



(A21)



(A22)

Q is a single or a double bond; X is O, N(R<sup>18</sup>), S or CR<sup>19</sup>R<sup>20</sup>)(CR<sup>21</sup>R<sup>22</sup>)<sub>m</sub>(CR<sup>23</sup>R<sup>24</sup>)<sub>n</sub>; R<sup>1</sup> is halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy or optionally substituted C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, optionally substituted C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl or optionally substituted SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (where the optionally substituted moieties may each have up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen and C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy); R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or [optionally substituted aryl](C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl- or [optionally substituted aryl]oxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl- (where the optionally substituted aryl moieties may each have up to 3 substituents, each

independently selected from halogen and C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy); R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, CH<sub>2</sub>C≡CR<sup>4</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub>CR<sup>4</sup>=C(H)R<sup>4</sup>, CH=C=CH<sub>2</sub> or COR<sup>5</sup> or optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or optionally substituted (C<sub>1-4</sub>) alkylC(=O)O (where the optionally substituted moieties may each have up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub> haloalkoxy, hydroxy, cyano, carboxyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, methylsulfonyl and ethylsulfonyl); each R<sup>4</sup> is, independently, hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl; R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen or optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or optionally substituted aryl (where the optionally substituted moieties may each have up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, cyano, hydroxy, methoxycarbonyl and ethoxycarbonyl); R<sup>6</sup> is

i) phenyl optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkylthio, C(H)=N-OH, C(H)=N-O-(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl), C(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)=N-OH, C(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)=N-O-(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl), (Z)pC≡CR<sub>25</sub> and (Z)pCR<sub>28</sub>=CR<sub>26</sub>R<sub>27</sub>;

ii) a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring in which the ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms (each independently chosen from oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen) and the ring is optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C(H)=N-O-(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl) and C(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, COO-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, =N-OH, =N-O-(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy);

iii) C<sub>2-12</sub> alkenyl optionally substituted by up to 6 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, COO-(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), =N-OH, =N-O-(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy);

iv) C<sub>2-12</sub> alkynyl optionally substituted by up to 6 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, COO-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, =N-OH, =H-O-(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy), Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy);

v) C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and phenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to five independently selected halogen atoms);

vi) C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and phenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to five independently selected halogen atoms);

vii) C<sub>6-12</sub> bicycloalkyl optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl; or

viii) an aliphatic, saturated or unsaturated group in which the group contains three to thirteen carbon atoms and at least one silicon atom and, optionally, one to three heteroatoms, each independently selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulphur, and the group is optionally substituted by up to four independently selected halogen atoms;

~~phenyl [(optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkylthio, C(H)=N-OH, C(H)=N-O(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl), C(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl)=N-OH, C(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl)=N-O(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl), (Z)<sub>p</sub>C=CR<sup>26</sup> and (Z)<sub>p</sub>CR<sup>28</sup>=CR<sup>26</sup>R<sup>27</sup>], a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring [in which the ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms (each independently chosen from oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen) and the ring is optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C(H)=N-O(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl) and C(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl)=N-O(C<sub>4-6</sub> alkyl)], C<sub>2-12</sub> alkyl [optionally substituted by up to 6 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, COO-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, =N-OH, =N-O(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy)], C<sub>2-12</sub> alkenyl [optionally substituted by up to 6 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, COO(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), =N-OH, =N-O(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy)], C<sub>2-12</sub> alkynyl [optionally substituted by up to 6 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, COO-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, =N-OH, =N-O(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl), C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy), Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy)], C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl [optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,~~

~~C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>4-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>4-4</sub> thioalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>4-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>4-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and phenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to five independently selected halogen atoms)), C<sub>4-8</sub> cycloalkenyl [optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>4-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>4-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>4-4</sub> thioalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl (itself optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from C<sub>4-4</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>4-4</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkoxy) and phenyl (itself optionally substituted by up to five independently selected halogen atoms)), C<sub>6-12</sub> bicycloalkyl [optionally substituted by up to 3 substituents, each independently selected from halogen, C<sub>4-4</sub> alkyl and C<sub>4-4</sub> haloalkyl] or an aliphatic, saturated or unsaturated group [in which the group contains three to thirteen carbon atoms and at least one silicon atom and, optionally, one to three heteroatoms, each independently selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulphur, and the group is optionally substituted by up to four independently selected halogen atoms];~~

R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are each, independently, hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> thiohaloalkyl; R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> are each, independently, hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C(O)CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> thioalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> thiohaloalkyl, hydroxymethyl or C<sub>1-</sub> alkoxymethyl; R<sup>18</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, formyl, C(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (optionally substituted by halogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy) or C(=O)O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl (optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or CN); R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup>, R<sup>23</sup> and R<sup>24</sup> are each, independently, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkenyl [both optionally substituted by halogen, hydroxy, =O, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, O-C(O)-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, aryl or a 3-7 membered carbocyclic ring (itself optionally substituted by up to three methyl groups)], a 3-7 membered carbocyclic ring (optionally substituted by up to three methyl groups and optionally containing one heteroatom selected from nitrogen and oxygen), hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy; or R<sup>19</sup>R<sup>20</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl-group, a 3-5 membered carbocyclic ring (optionally substituted by up to three methyl groups), C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylidene (optionally substituted by up to three methyl groups) or C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkylidene (optionally substituted by up to three methyl groups); R<sup>25</sup> is hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or Si(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)<sub>3</sub>; R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> are each, independently, hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl; R<sup>28</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl; m is 0 or 1; n is 0 or 1; p is 0 or 1; and Z is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylene.

Claim 2. (Previously presented): A compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, where A is selected from formulae (A1), (A2), (A3), (A16), (A17), (A18), (A19), (A20) and (A22).

Claim 3. (Previously presented): A compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, where R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN or OCF<sub>3</sub>.

Claim 4. (Previously presented): A compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, where R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl.

Claim 5. (Previously presented): A compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, where R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, CH<sub>2</sub>C≡CR<sup>4</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub>CR<sup>4</sup>=C(H)R<sup>4</sup>, CH=C=CH<sub>2</sub> or COR<sup>5</sup>.

Claim 6. (Canceled)

Claim 7. (Canceled)

Claim 8. (Previously presented): A composition comprising ~~for controlling microorganisms and preventing attack and infestation of plants therewith, wherein the active ingredient is~~ a compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, together with a suitable carrier.

Claim 9. (Previously presented): A method of controlling or preventing infestation of cultivated plants by phytopathogenic microorganisms by application of a compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, to plants, to parts thereof or the locus thereof.